THE [Numb. 657.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *December* 8, 1757.

From the LONDON *GAZETTE.*

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, September 20.

A Letter from Vice-Admiral Watſon, dated on board his Majeſty's Ship the Kent, off Fort William in the Eaſt-Indies, the 24th of February, 1757, brings the following ADVICE.

ON the 2d of February the Nabob's Army were ſeen marching by the Engliſh Camp, about a Mile Diſtance towards the Town; and when they were got to a convenient Spot of Ground, they encamped there. Hereupon Col. Clive applied to the Admiral for a Party of Seamen to reinforce him. Accordingly Capt. Warrick received Orders on the 4th to take upon him the Command of a Detachment of Sailors to join Col. Clive, in order to force and drive the Nabob out of his Camp. On the 5th, at One in the Morning, Capt. Warrick landed his Men a little above Kelſal's Octagon, which were as follows; 180 from the Kent, 173 from the Tyger, 120 from the Saliſbury, 29 from the Bridgwater, 37 from the Sloop, and 30 from the Indiamen, in all 569 Men. About Two he joined the Colonel, whoſe Troops were under Arms, and ready to march, on which our Men were diſpoſed of, to guard and attend the Train, which conſiſted of 6 Field Pieces, and 1 Haubitzer. Soon after this, they marched off the Ground in the following Order: The King's Troops and the Company's Grenadiers in the Front, the Sailors with the Train next, the Battalion after, and Seapoys in the Rear. At Three the Colonel altered his Diſpoſition, and marched the Battalion before the Train. In this Order they marched till Five, when the Troops in the Van were charged by the Enemy's Horſe in their Camp; but it did not ſeem to retard our March; by the Time our Rear Guard were entered, the Engagement became general from Hedges and Buſhes; on which we play'd our Artillery, defending the Right and Left of our Army all the Way through the Camp, in which we found dead Men and Horſes. Here our Men were diverted by killing their Bullocks, Camels, and what Horſes were left in our March, which we continued with great Rapidity, driving the Enemy before us, till they lodged themſelves in a Tope near Meer's Garden, behind the Hedges: From hence they detached a large Body of Horſe, with 2 Cannon, to the Croſs Road of the Bunglo, which we ſoon diſlodged with our Field Pieces, after receiving a few Shot; and from thence marched into the Fort. In this Action were killed 12 Seamen, 2 Captains of the Company's Troops, 17 private Men, and 10 Seapoys. The Number wounded were about 15 Seamen, and 50 Soldiers and Seapoys. Lieutenant Lutwidge of the Saliſbury, the only Officer mortally wounded.

The Nabob's Army was ſaid to conſiſt of 15000 Foot, and 10000 Horſe. We have had various Accounts of his Loſs. A Bremin, who was ſoon after in the Camp, ſays, 1300 Men were killed and wounded, and that 21 of the former were Officers. Beſides this Loſs, upwards of 500 Horſes were killed, ſeveral Draught Bullocks, and 3 or 4 Elephants. This Attack, tho' not attended with all the wiſh'd for Succeſs, yet it was ſufficient to make the Nabob very ſollicitous to haſten the Buſineſs of a Peace, which was concluded on, and conſiſts of the following Articles.

ARTICLES acceded to, and ſigned by the Nabob of Bengal, February 9, 1757.

I. WHATEVER Rights and Privileges the King has granted the Engliſh Company in their Phirmaund, and the Huſbulhoorums ſent from Dilly, ſhall not be diſputed or taken from them, and the Immunities therein mentioned be acknowledged and ſtand good. Whatever Villages are given the Company by the Phirmaund ſhall likewiſe be granted, notwithſtanding they have been denied by former Subahs. The Zemindars of thoſe Villages, not to be hurt or diſplaced without Cauſe.

Signed by the Nabob in his own Hand,

I agree to the Terms of the Phirmaund.

II. All Goods paſſing and repaſſing through the Country by Land or Water, with Engliſh Duſtricks, ſhall be exempt from any Tax, Fee, or Impoſition, from Chokeys, Gaulwalls, Zemindars, or any others.

I agree to this.

III. All the Company's Factories, ſeized by the Nabob, ſhall be returned. All Monies, Goods and Effects, belonging to the Company, their Servants and Tenants, and which have been ſeized and taken by the Nabob, ſhall be reſtored. What has been plundered and pillaged by his People, made good by the Payment of ſuch a Sum of Money, as his Juſtice ſhall think reaſonable.

I agree to reſtore whatever has been ſeized and taken by my Orders, and accounted for in my Sincany.

IV. That we have Permiſſion to fortify Calcutta in ſuch Manner as we may think proper, without Interruption.

I conſent to this.

V. That we ſhall have Liberty to coin Siccas both of Gold and Silver, of equal Weight and Fineneſs to thoſe of Muxadavad, which ſhall paſs in the Provinces.

I conſent to the Engliſh Company's Coining their own Imports of Bullion and Gold into Siccas.

VI. That a Treaty ſhall be ratified, by ſigning and ſealing, and ſwearing to abide by the Articles therein contained, not only by the Nabob, but his principal Officers and Miniſters.

I have ſealed and ſigned the Articles before the Preſence of GOD.

VII. That Admiral Charles Watſon, and Col. Robert Clive, on the Part and Behalf of the Engliſh Nation, and of the Company, do agree to live in a good Underſtanding with the Nabob; to put an End to theſe Troubles, and be in Friendſhip with him while theſe Articles are performed and obſerved by the Nabob.

I have ſealed and ſigned the foregoing Articles upon theſe Terms; That if the Governor and Council will ſign and ſeal them with the Company's Seal, and will ſwear to the Performance on their Part, I then conſent and agree to them.

Extract of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Watſon, dated on board the Kent, off Chandenagore, March 31, 1757.

COLONEL Clive being joined with 300 of the Bombay Troops, who by this Reinforcement had with him 700 European and 1600 Blacks, he immediately marched to Chandenagore, where he had not been long, before he took Poſſeſſion of all the French Out-Poſts there, except 1 Redoubt, ſituated between the River Side and the Fort Walls, wherein were mounted 8 Pieces of Cannon of 24 Pounders, Four of which pointed down the River. On the 15th Inſtant I ſailed with the Kent, Tyger, and Saliſbury. The 20 Gun Ship and Sloop I ordered up the River ſome Days before to cover the Boats attending on the Camp. On the 18th I anchored about 2 Miles below Chandenagore, and obſerved the French had done every Thing in their Power to obſtruct our Paſſage, by ſinking 2 Ships, a Ketch, a Hulk, a Snow, and a Veſſel without any Maſts, all directly in the Channel, within Gunſhot of the Fort, and laying 2 Bombs, moor'd with Chains, acroſs the River. This cauſed ſome Delay, till the Bombs were cut adrift, and I could diſcover, by ſounding, a proper Channel to paſs through, which the Pilots found out without being at the Trouble of weighing any of the Veſſels. Before this was ſufficiently known to venture, Admiral Pocock came up to me in his Boat, and hoiſted his Flag on board the Tyger. On the 24th, at Six in the Morning, I weighed, and ſailed up in the following Order; the Tyger, Kent, and Saliſbury. At Ten Minutes after Six the Enemy began to fire from the Redoubt, which was abandon'd as ſoon as the leading Ship got a-breaſt of it. At Three Quarters after Six the Ships were placed, when I cauſed the Signal to be made for engaging, which continued very briſk on both Sides till a Quarter paſt Nine. The Enemy then waved over their Walls a Flag of Truce, and deſired to capitulate; and the Articles being agreed upon and ſigned, I ſent Capt. Latham, of the Tyger, aſhore to receive the Keys, and take Poſſeſſion of the Fort. Colonel Clive marched in with the King's Troops about Five in the Afternoon. They had in the Fort 1200 Men, of which 500 Europeans and 700 Blacks, 183 Pieces of Cannon from 24 Pounders downwards, 3 ſmall Mortars, and a conſiderable Quantity of Ammunition. Beſides the Ships and Veſſels ſunk below, to ſtop up the Channel, they ſunk and run aſhore 5 large Ships above the Fort; and we have taken 4 Sloops and a Snow. The Enemy had killed in the Fort 40 Men, and 70 wounded. The Kent had 19 Men killed, and 49 wounded; the Tyger 13 killed, and 50 wounded. Among the Number killed were, my Firſt Lieutenant, Mr. Samuel Pereau, and the Maſter of the Tyger. Among the Wounded were, Mr. Pocock ſlightly hurt, Capt. Speke and his Son by the ſame Cannon Ball; the latter had his Leg ſhot off. Mr. Rawlins Hey, my Third Lieutenant, had his Thigh much ſhattered, and is in great Danger. Mr. Stanton, my Fourth Lieutenant, ſlightly wounded by Splinters; but the greateſt Part of the Wounded have ſuffered much, being hurt chiefly by Cannon Shot: Several of them cannot poſſibly recover. I muſt do this Juſtice to all the Officers and Men in general, to ſay, agreeable to their uſual Bravery, they behaved with great Spirit and Reſolution on this Occaſion; as did alſo the Land Forces, who kept a good and conſtant Fire the whole Time from 2 Batteries of 4 and 2 Guns, they had raiſed very near the Fort.

Kent, off Calcutta in the River Hughley, April 14.

Since the Date of my laſt Letter ſeveral of the Wounded are dead, among whom is Mr. Rawlins Hey, my late Third Lieutenant, and Capt. Speke's Son. There are many more in great Danger.

BERLIN, *September* 17.

THE Swediſh Troops having, in an hoſtile Manner, invaded the Dutchy of Pomerania, by taking Poſſeſſion of the Towns of Ancalm and Demmin, which were entirely ungarriſoned; and the Crown of Sweden having thereby commenced an open War againſt the King, it has been ſignified to Baron de Wolfwenſtirna, the Swediſh Miniſter, to appear at Court no more. According to Advices from Luſatia, a Body of Auſtrian Troops, ſuppoſed to be 15,000, attacked, on the 7th Inſtant, Two Battalions of Infantry, which were poſted on a fortified Eminence, near Henerſdorff, in the Neighbourhood of Gorlitz, and, after an obſtinate Reſiſtance, at laſt made themſelves Maſters of it, but abandoned it ſoon after. Our Loſs in this Attack amounts to 800 killed and wounded, and that of the Enemy is ſuppoſed to be ſome Thouſands; but what renders our Loſs irreparable, is the Death of the brave General Winterfeldt, who, in leading ſome Succours to the Two Battalions, received a Muſket Shot, of which he died the Night following. According to the lateſt Advices from Pruſſia, the Ruſſian Army has continued very peaceably in it's Camp ever ſince the Battle. On the 7th they made a Show as if they would paſs the Aller, but retired very ſoon after. Two Thouſand Ruſſians, on board the Galleys, who had attempted to make a Deſcent upon the Coaſt of Labiau, have been repulſed by 600 of the Militia.

Hague, Sept. 27. By an Expreſs from Berlin,

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we have juſt received an Account, that, on the 13th Inſtant, the Ruſſian Army made a precipitate Retreat out of Pruſſia, which was executed in ſo haſty a Manner, that they left all their Sick and Wounded behind them, to the Amount of 15 or 16000 Men, and 80 Pieces of Cannon, &c. Marſhal Apraxin maſked his Deſign, by advancing all his Irregulars towards the Pruſſian Army, ſo that Marſhal Lehwald was not informed of it, till the Third Day, when he detached Prince George of Holſtein with 10000 Horſe, to purſue them, but with little Hopes of coming up with them, as they made forced Marches, in order to be the ſooner in their own Country. The Cauſe of this extraordinary Event is not yet known. M. Lehwald was ſaid to be marching to Pomerania. By our Accounts from Germany, the French, under the Prince of Soubize, fly before the King of Pruſſia. Thoſe with Marſhal Richelieu ſeem to move much ſlower, ſince the Arrival of Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick in the Dutchy of Haberſtadt, with a Corps of Troops, who has defeated the Van Guard of the French near Egeln, conſiſting of 1000 Men. The French ſeem to keep to the Hartz Mountains, inſtead of following the Plain, which may retard and embarraſs them conſiderably; and it ſeems very uncertain, whether and how the Junction of their Army can be made.

From the French Camp at Cloſter Severn, September 14. Marſhal Richelieu has ſent the following circular Letter to the ſeveral General Officers acting under him.

" I have juſt concluded, Gentlemen, with a Mi-
" niſter from Denmark, a Suſpenſion of Arms be-
" tween the Armies and the detached Corps. I
" ſend you immediate Advice of it, that you may
" give the ſame Orders to the Troops under your
" Command, as I have juſt given to the whole Ar-
" my, in order to prevent any Act of Hoſtility.
" This Suſpenſion is a preliminary Article of a
" Convention between the Duke of Cumberland
" and me, which I ſhall impart to you when it is
" concluded, and which, I hope, you will find as
" advantageous as it is glorious for his Majeſty's
" Arms."

Paris, Sept. 26. We have Intelligence from different Places, particularly from our Coaſts, that the Engliſh Fleet is detained at Sea by ſo great a Calm, that it can neither advance, nor put back. M. de Conflans Fleet at Breſt is getting ready with the utmoſt Diligence. The Men of War at Rochfort are ordered to Breſt. We are in no Fear of the Engliſh in any Part, as we are prepared for them every where. Marſhal Richelieu's Army is ſeparated into Five Camps. A Part of the Right is making forced Marches to the Succour of the Prince de Soubize, who has retired from Erfurth to Eyſenach.

Erfurth, Sept. 15. On the Road between Naumbourg and this Town, his Pruſſian Majeſty received a Courier with Two Pieces of Intelligence, viz. the Hoſtilities begun in Pomerania by the Swedes, and the Death of the brave General Winterfeldt: Upon which, like a true Hero, like a Man whoſe Friendſhip always goes along with his Eſteem, with Tears ſtanding in his Eyes, he ſaid, *I may find Reſources againſt the Multitude of my Enemies; but how few Men are to be found like Winterfeldt?*

Eyſenach, Sept. 18. The Prince of Soubize's Army and that of the Empire have retired towards this Place, in order to wait for Reinforcements, and unite with the Body of Troops which Marſhal Richelieu is going to detach from the River Liene. The Van-Guard of the Pruſſian Army has had a very ſharp Skirmiſh near Gotha with the Rear of the Prince of Soubize's Troops, of which ſeveral Waggons full of Wounded have been brought to Gotha, and to this Town.

Toulon, Sept. 8. M. de la Clue's Squadron is entirely careened, and taking in Proviſions with ſuch Diſpatch, that they work Sundays and Holidays. We have no Accounts from Corſica, nor of the Engliſh Fleet which blocks up Baſtia. It is probable, that the Report of the great Preparations making here and at Marſeilles will check the Ardour of the Rebels who are in Arms, and who, without Doubt, will be apprehenſive of ſome fatal Overthrow. This Report is ſpread along the Coaſts of Italy, and will eaſily reach Corſica.

Hamburg, Sept. 23. If Credit may be given to ſeveral private Letters received this Day from Magdebourg, a Pruſſian Officer is paſs'd by there in his Way to Berlin, with an Account that the King of Pruſſia has attacked and beaten the Army of the Prince de Soubize. According to the ſame Letters his Pruſſian Majeſty has prevailed with Part of the Army of the Empire to lay down their Arms, and has routed the reſt of them.

LONDON.

Sept. 17. Advices from Dantzick ſay, that a very extraordinary Report has prevailed there for Three Days, viz. That the Kan of the Tartars of Crimea, in Concert with the Kan of Budziac, had taken the Field with a numerous Army, to inſult the Frontiers of Ruſſia, and make an Invaſion in the Ukraine.

Admiral Boſcawen is going out with a Squadron, as is another Admiral, ſaid to be the Hon. George Bridges Rodney, Eſq;

Sept. 24. His Royal Highneſs the Duke is ſpeedily expected home, the Horſe Guards having Orders to hold themſelves in Readineſs at a Moment's Warning.

It is ſaid that the Troops that are to embark for Cork are ordered to South-Carolina.

After the Forces under Admiral Watſon and Colonel Clive had taken the Town of Chandenagore, they found therein upwards of 180,000l. in Bullion.

It is reported that the St. Alban's Man of War, of 60 Guns, has taken and carried into Liſbon, a French Man of War of 50 Guns.

They write from Leghorn, that the Engliſh Fleet have blocked up Baſtia, ſo as abſolutely to prevent the Genoeſe Succours from entering the Place; and that it was believed General Paoli, who commands the Malecontents, would endeavour to ſtorm the Place by Land, while the Engliſh, under Cover of their large Ships, would debark a great Number of Seamen, in order to make a like Attempt on the Works next the Sea.

Sept. 29. We hear that 8000 Men are going to be raiſed, in order to add a Battalion to every Regiment on the Eſtabliſhment, that has not already had a Battalion added to them.

Several Ships of War are ordered to be laid upon the Stocks, particularly Two of 100 Guns, Four of 90, and Six of 80, to be compleated as faſt as poſſible.

October 1. It is ſuppoſed that the Britiſh Fleet (conſiſting of 18 Men of War) which has blocked up Baſtia at Corſica, is to eſtabliſh a Settlement upon that Iſland for receiving Men of War, the better to protect our Trade to the Mediterranean and the Levant.

Some Ships in the River, taking in Building Materials, are going for Anamaboe, on the Coaſt of Guiney.

It is ſaid, that the Tranſports which are gone to Spithead, are Part of them to take in Troops at Southampton, and then proceed to Cork, where they are to take in the Draughts made from the Regiments on the Iriſh Eſtabliſhment, and then go for ſome Part of America; but it is not ſaid whether South or North.

October 3. Yeſterday Mr. Mitchell, charged with the Affairs of the King of Pruſſia, received an Expreſs from Marſhal Lehwald, informing him, that there had been a Revolution in Ruſſia, and that General Apraxin was marching his Army back into that Kingdom, leaving behind him 9000 Sick and Wounded.

By an Account received of the Battle between the Pruſſians and Ruſſians, it appears that the latter had 24,000 Men killed and wounded.

It is ſaid that the Diſputes have run ſo high in the Senate of Sweden, as to occaſion the Members to Draw on one another, and that they were all killed except Two.

A Report has prevailed, ſince the ſigning of the Convention for Hanover, that a Ceſſation of Hoſtilities had been propoſed to the King of Pruſſia on the Part of France, which his Majeſty rejected with Diſdain.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland is expected at Kenſington this Week from Stade, his Coaches being gone to Eſſex to wait for him.

Advices from Hamburg, dated the 23d ult. ſay, that by ſeveral private Letters received that Day from Magdebourg, they learnt that a Pruſſian Officer had paſſed through that City, going to Berlin, with the News that the King had attacked and defeated the Prince de Soubize's Army, and obliged a Part of the Army of the Empire to lay down their Arms, after routing the other Part thereof.

From Dantzick they write, that Advices had been received at Warſaw, by the Way of Bender, that the Turks had declared War againſt Ruſſia; which, the Departure of Count Apraxin from Pruſſia, and his forced Marches to get back to Ruſſia, ſeemed to confirm.

October 4. It is ſaid that Marſhal Apraxin nailed up, and left behind him in his Camp, Eighty Pieces of Cannon.

By this good Turn, Marſhal Lehwald will be at Leiſure to come down and drive the Swedes out of Pomerania, which will probably ſoon make the Swediſh Senate alter their Syſtem, in order to keep Peace at home.

Some Ships of War are preparing with all Expedition to ſail for the Weſt-Indies, to relieve the Ships ſtationed there.

October 6. Though the Dutch Gazettes are not poſitive as to the King of Pruſſia's defeating the Prince of Soubize's Army, there are private Letters from Amſterdam which ſay, that a Battle was fought on the 22d of September, wherein the former gained a compleat Victory; and that his Pruſſian Majeſty had at the ſame Time defeated ſuch Part of the Army of the Empire as did not acquieſce in his Propoſal to lay down their Arms.

Upon comparing all the Accounts, it appears to be very uncertain whether there has been any Battle between the Pruſſian and French Armies; but it is beyond all Doubt there was a great Miſunderſtanding between the Princes Soubize and Hilboughauſen, and that the Germans, as is very natural, ſhewed great Backwardneſs towards cutting one another's Throats, for the Service and Entertainment of the French.

Yeſterday Part of the Furniture was carried from the Duke of Cumberland's Apartments at St. James's to Kenſington, to furniſh his Royal Highneſs's Apartments there.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Whitehall, October 8, 1757. Yeſterday an Account was received, that the Fleet, and Tranſports, under the Command of Sir Edward Hawke, were arrived at St. Helen's, having ſailed from Baſque Road, on the 1ſt Inſtant. On the 23d of September Sir Edward Hawke ordered the Vice-Admiral, with his Diviſion, compoſed of the Magnanime, Barfleur, Neptune, Torbay, and Royal William, Frigates, Bomb Veſſels, Fire-Ships and Cutters, to attack the Iſle of Aix, between the Iſlands of Rhree and Oleron. The Magnanime led, and about Twelve the Fire began from the Fort, with Shells, and Great Guns, and continued while our Ships approached, till about Ten Minutes after One, when the Magnanime brought up within leſs than 40 Yards of the Fort, where ſhe kept an inceſſant Fire for about 35 Minutes, as did the Barfleur, which brought up about Five Minutes after her, abreaſt of the Fort. About Three Quarters after One the Firing ceaſed, the Garriſon having ſtruck their Colours, and ſurrendered. They had in the Fort Eight Mortars of about 14 Inches Diameter, and Thirty Guns, Sixteen of which 18, and the Remainder about 14 Pounders. The Magnanime, tho' damaged in her Rigging, Yards, and Maſts, yet had only Two Soldiers killed, and 11 Men wounded. Of the Garriſon, which conſiſted of near 600 Seamen and Soldiers, only One was killed, and Seven or Eight wounded. The Works of this Fort have been ſince blown up.

On the 29th of September the Reſolution was taken to return to England with the Troops, no Attempt having been made to land on the Coaſt of France.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, October 7.

" *Yeſterday in the Afternoon Admiral Hawke's Fleet arrived at St. Helen's, with all the Tranſports; and they are now got to Spithead and ſafe moored. It is ſaid they were becalmed Seventeen Days in the Bay of Biſcay, within which Time all the French Coaſt was alarmed, ſo that there was no Proſpect of making a Deſcent on the Main with any Succeſs; but they attacked the Iſle of Aix in the Bay of Biſcay, and took it without any Reſiſtance, except one Diſcharge from the Garriſon in Return to a Broadſide firſt given by the Magnanime; after which they demoliſhed the Fortifications, and brought the Governor and People (except the Women and Children) away Priſoners. There were Two Marines killed on board the Magnanime. 'Tis ſaid there were ſome Diſſentions between the General Officers of the Navy and Army; but as yet can't learn the Particulars, very few People being come on Shore, the Wind blowing hard at S. S. W.*"

The Reaſons aſſigned for the ſudden Return of the Forces ſent upon the ſecret Expedition, are ſo various, that we don't chuſe to inſert any till we have better Authority.

The Hardi, a French Man of War, of 74 Guns, homeward bound from Martinico, fell in with Sir Edward Hawke's Fleet in the Bay, and was chaſed by Five of our Ships; and finding ſhe could not run into the River Garonne, ſhe bore away to Sea, and got clear of them all, and is arrived ſafe at Port Paſſage.

We hear an Order is given for Victualling the Fleet employed in the late Expedition for ſome Months longer.

There are private Letters in Town, which ſay, that 70,000 Turks have entered the Territories of the

the Empress of Russia, on Behalf of the King of Prussia.

BOSTON, *November* 21.

The Master of a Vessel arrived at Marblehead, informs, That on the second Instant, being on Bank Vert, in the Dawn of the Morning, about a Mile and a Half Distance, he discovered 3 large Ships standing E. S. E. and that they threw out Three white Ensigns.——That on the Third Day of November, between Bank Vert and Bank Quero, about Twelve or One o'Clock, he saw 13 Sail of large Ships, about 3 Leagues Distance, but saw no Colours, standing about E. N. E.——And Friday, the 4th of November, in the Dawn of the Morning, being on Bank Quero, he saw 3 Ships, and (he thought) a Schooner, about a League Distance, standing about S. E. and by E.

Our Advices from the Westward are, That Lord Loudoun, with 3000 Regular Troops, was at Fort Edward; and that he intended, in a few Days, to discharge all the Men belonging to this Province.——And that Captain Thody, who had been out with a Scouting Party from Fort Edward, had killed and captivated 13 Frenchmen, being all the Scout.

NEW-YORK, *November* 28.

Our last Accounts from Albany are of Thursday last, which positively assure us, that a Body of about 300 Indians, and 100 Frenchmen, had actually fallen on that Part of the German-Flats situate on the North Side of the Mohawk's River, and burnt and destroyed every House and Barn they came across, had killed and scalped about Ten or Twelve of the Inhabitants, and carried away Captives at least One Hundred and Ten more, Men, Women and Children, besides the Cattle, killing all such Beasts they could not carry away; that some of the Indians continued at the Flats near Three Days, laying waste the Country; and that One of the Captives had made his Escape from the Enemy, and come back, reporting, that on his March he lagg'd pretty much, which the Enemy did not notice, and that coming near the Oneyda Lake (about 20 or 25 Leagues on this Side of Oswego) he observed a Number of Frenchmen to be very busy in Landing of Cannon, in order, he thought, to erect a Fortification either on the Lake, or somewhere on Wood-Creek.

Wednesday last returned from a Cruize of about Five Weeks, the (extraordinary successful) Privateer Sloop Harlequin, mounting 8 small Carriage Guns, a few Swivels, and carrying 40 Men, formerly one of our Pilot Boats. She brought in with her [and it would have proved a Wonder if she had not] a French Prize Ship, which she took on the Second Instant, in Lat. 28, 30, Long. 59, 17, after a tough Engagement from Day Light till 9 o'Clock, when Monsieur struck. She mounted 8 large Carriage Guns, had 28 Men, and is called the Marshal De Resellue, Monsieur Delbroil Commander, Burthen between 250 and 300 Tons, is an entire new Vessel, and loaded with 533 Hogsheads of Sugar, 166 Barrels, 49 Tierces, and 17 Hogsheads of Coffee, besides other Things. This Ship was bound from Martinico to Old France, and sailed in Company with Ten Sail of Merchantmen, and Four Men of War, One of 64 Guns, One of 54, and Two Frigates. One Mr. Cunningham was a Ransomer on board of this Prize, she having taken an English Vessel, and ransomed her for 5000l. Sterling, a few Days before the Harlequin took her.

The same Day arrived a Prize Ship called La Francois, Peter Tourame, Master, taken October 24, in Lat. 19, Long. 58, by the Sturdy Beggar Privateer, of this Port, Capt. Troup. She was bound from Marseilles to the West-Indies, and is loaded with Claret, White Wine, Cyprus ditto, Brandy, Soap, Candles, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, Almonds, Oil, &c. She mounted 6 Guns, and had 33 Hands.

About a Fortnight ago Two Soldiers belonging to the Regulars, being at a small Distance from Fort Edward, looking for some Sheep, were killed and scalped by a Scouting Party of the Enemy. Several Parties from Fort Edward have lately been out on a Scout, but made no Discovery of any of the Enemy being nigh the Fort for some Time, until the above; save, indeed, that some of them had come over the Lake to get Turnips and other Roots, which had been sown by the English near Fort William-Henry before it was taken and destroyed.

NEWARK, in *New-Jersey*, *November* 23.

Last Sunday Evening the Honourable Colonel Peter Schuyler arrived at his House at Peterborough, and was saluted by this Town with the Discharge of Thirteen Cannon. The Evening following he was attended by several Gentlemen of Distinction to the Town, and was paid the same Compliment: All the principal Houses were illuminated, a Bonfire erected, which was attended by several Hundred People, and the Cannon continued firing the Remainder of the Evening: Joy was conspicuous in every Countenance, and each one manifested his Regard due to the Merit of that Gentleman; whose kind and humane Treatment to his Fellow-Sufferers while in Captivity, as well as his great Attachment to the Interest of his Country, and uncommon Zeal for his Majesty's Service, merits universal Esteem.

ANNAPOLIS, *December* 8.

We have an Account, that on Friday the 25th of *November*, as one *Cox*, and another Man, were hunting for Deer, on the *Virginia* Side of *Patowmack*, a little above the Mouth of *Conococheague*, they discovered Three *Indians* sitting on a Log, and agreed each to Fire at his Man, which they did, and kill'd them both on the Spot, but the other made off immediately, and soon returned with 6 or 7 more *Indians*, when a Skirmish ensued, in which *Cox* and his Companion, Fired, one of them 4 Times, and the other 5, and mortally wounded one *Indian*, but were at last separated, and one of them made his Escape, but the other was taken Prisoner. The *Indians* burnt the Bodies of the Two Dead *Indians*, and carried off their Prisoner, and the Wounded *Indian*, who Died on the Way, and they buried him. The Second Night after, the Prisoner made his Escape, and came back the same Road, and got safe in; but on his Way, when he came to the *Indian's* Grave, he dug his Body up, and scalp'd him, with a sharp Stone; for he was deprived of his Knife and every Weapon of Defence by the *Indians*, when he was taken Prisoner.

About 12 Days ago, Capt. *Wallace*, in the *King George*, belonging to *Bristol*, arrived in *Virginia*, who took up at Sea, in Lat. 34: 00, about 150 Leagues to the Eastward of *Bermuda*, Six Men, being the whole Crew of the Schooner *Nancy*, belonging to *Boston*, one *Govian*, or some such Name, Master, bound from *Piscataqua* for *Surrinam*, with Horses; whose Preservation was very Remarkable: On the 9th of *September*, in a very hard Gale, she overset, and lost all her Horses, but after they cut away her Main-mast, she righted; soon after a Sea struck her on the Counter, and beat her Stern in, and having a Quantity of Bricks a-baft, her Stern sunk, and her Head stuck upright, and the People got on her Bow. After the Storm abated, they got some Mackrel out of her, and an Iron Instrument to strike Fish, and having made a little Awning of Part of one of the Sails, which they fix'd to the Bowsprit over their Heads, they lived there (if it may be call'd Living) for Forty-six Days, when Capt. *Wallace* took them up; having nothing else to support themselves than the salt Mackrel, and what Dolphins and Pilot Fish they struck, the latter being plenty about them, and whose Blood they suck'd for Drink. One of the Men died soon after he was taken up; and Two Others of them are deprived of their Senses.

Saturday last arrived here the Ship *Thetis*, Capt. *Matthew Craymer*, from *London*, with 128 of his Majesty's *Seven Year Passengers*. Her former Commander, *James Edmunds*, and 28 of the Transports, died on the Passage.

The same Day arrived here, Capt. *Andrews*, in the Ship *Betsy*, with 45 Passengers of the *same Sort*, from *Bristol*.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Matthews, *just arrived in* York *River*.

"The 18th of *October*, Lat. 37, 30, N. Long. "39, 21, W. I made 6 Sail S. S. W. from me, "at Six in the Morning, distant about 4 Miles, "standing to the N. E. Immediately the eastermost and largest Ship tack'd and chaced me; I "found he gain'd very little on us, which gave "us great Hopes they were Merchant-Ships, and "made me very indifferent about getting away, "expecting to draw him from the Fleet. However at 2½ *P. M.* he fired 7 Shot, and I brought "to. It proved to be the *Colchester* Man of War, "Capt. *O Brian*, of 54 Guns, who had 10 Weeks "from *St. Helena*, with 5 *India* Ships under his "Convoy. He sent his Boat on board us; the "Lieutenant told me that Admiral *Watson* had "taken and destroyed all the *French* Settlements "in the *East-Indies*, except *Pondicherry*, to which "Place he was preparing to go, and in great Ex"pectation of Success. The *India* Ships were,

"The *Oxford*, Capt. *Stevens*,
"*Griffin*, ———,
"*Harcourt*, *Webber*,
"*Delaware*, *Freeman*,
"*Stormount*, ———."

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be Sold by the Printer hereof,

THE *MARYLAND* ALMANACK, for the Year 1758.

To be Sold to the Highest Bidder, on Monday the 2d of January *next, at* Lower-Marlborough, *for Sterling Money, Currency, or Bills of Exchange*,

SEVEN Hundred and Twenty-Eight Barrels of FLOUR, and Two Thousand Six Hundred Bushels of old WHEAT. For the Conveniency of Purchasers, the Flour will be Sold in Lots of Fifty Barrels, and the Wheat in Quantities not less than One Hundred and Fifty Bushels. The Sale to begin at 11 o'Clock, at the Warehouse where the Grain now lies. Any Person inclining to purchase, may see the Condition of the Wheat and Flour at any Time before the Day of Sale, by applying to Messieurs *Wardrop* and *Grahame*; and if any Person inclines to purchase any Part before the Day of Sale, they may apply to the Subscribers.

Alexander and Andrew Symmer.

JUST IMPORTED from *BRISTOL*,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Stores at Upper-Marlborough *and* Pig-Point,

A PARCEL of *WELCH* COTTONS, FRIZES, RUGS, and BLANKETS, and other WINTER GOODS; CROWN GLASS 8 by 10, and 11 by 9; NAILS and IRON WARE, QUART BOTTLES, &c. &c. &c.

Stephen West.

IMPORTED in the Cunliffe, *Capt.* Matthews, *from* Liverpool, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber at* OXFORD,

A QUANTITY of SALT, which will be delivered overboard at 1/9 Bills of Exchange *per* Bushel, or Equivalent in ready Cash; or Plantation Crop Tobacco delivered on board at 9/6 Sterling *per* Hundred.

This SHIP will take in TOBACCO, delivered along-side, or at any convenient Warehouse on *Choptank*, *Miles*, *Wye*, or *Patuxent*, at 14*l.* *per* Ton, consigned to any House in *Liverpool*: She mounts 18 Carriage Guns, and 50 Men.

H. Callister.

We expect to Load in a Month.

JUST IMPORTED,

From LONDON, *in the* Thetis, *and to be Sold on board the said Ship, lying at* Annapolis, *by Wholesale or Retail*,

SINGLE and Double Refin'd Sugar, Cheeses, Lemons, Beer, in Cask or Bottles, Pickles, *viz.* Olives, Capers, Anchovies; Sweet Oil, *Durham* Mustard, *Scotch* Snuff, Shoes and Pumps, Mens and Womens Thread, Worsted, and Silk Stockings, Worsted and Silk Patterns for Breeches, Felt and Castor Hats, both plain and laced, Osnabrigs, Sheeting, Brown Rolls, *Irish* Linen, Cotton and Linen Checks, stampt Linens, Chintz, plain Lawn, figur'd Gauzes, Womens Ruffles and Handkerchiefs, *Scotch* Handkerchiefs, *Welch* and *Kendall* Cottons, blue Ditto, Flannels, Rugs and Blankets, Knives, Razors, Buckles, Lancets, Cutlasses, Medicines of all Sorts, Surgeons Instruments, *Hungary* Water, new Books and Magazines, cut Tobacco, several Sorts of Stone and Earthen Ware, *viz.* Sets of white Tea Ware, Decanters, Porringers, Chamber Pots of different Sorts, Bowls of all Sizes, Stew Plates and Dishes of the newest Fashions and Sizes, Breakfast Plates, Pickle Plates, Fruit Baskets, Butter Pots, *Welch* Ware, *viz.* China Cups and Saucers, red China Coffee-Pots, &c. Nails of all Sorts, Hoes and Frying Pans, Drinking Glasses, Wine and Water Glasses, Tumblers, Decanters, and several other Things too tedious to mention.

James Houston.

THERE is in the Possession of *Thomas Luny*, living near the Rev. Mr. *Brogden's* Chapel, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare, her near hind Foot and off fore Foot are white; but she is neither branded nor dock'd.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Swan*, near *Patowmack*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder with a C, and on the near Thigh thus ↄ, about 13 Hands high, and about 7 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THE private Ship of War, TWO SISTERS, JAMES HANRICK Master, mounts 18 Carriage Guns, and every Way compleatly fitted, will sail for the *West-Indies* with all possible Speed. Gentlemen Sailors or Landsmen, may see the Terms by applying to the Commander on board the said Ship, lying in *West-River*. Good Encouragement will be given to good Men.

To be Sold to the Highest Bidder, on Thursday the 15th of December, *at the late Dwelling-House of* John Lamar, *junior, near* Queen-Anne, *in* Prince-George's *County*,

A CHOICE Parcel of COUNTRY-BORN SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women, and Children, for Bills of Exchange, or Paper Currency.

At the same Time will be Sold, Part of a Tract of Land called *Major's Lot*, in the County aforesaid, containing 207 Acres, more or less.

TO BE SOLD,

For Sterling Money, good Bills of Exchange, or Current Money,

SEVERAL Tracts of LAND, lying in *Frederick* County, below *Frederick-Town*, well Timbered and Watered, with Plenty of good Meadow Ground.

Any Person inclinable to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to

HENRY WRIGHT CRABB.

OPEN'D by Mistake, and left with the Printer hereof, A Letter dated *March* 1757, externally superscribed, *To George Chaney, Merchant, Eastern Shore, Maryland, per Captain White*: And internally, *To George Caney, Eastern Shore*. It contains an Account Current, and mentions a Ballance due to him for a valuable Hogshead of Tobacco received *per* Capt. *Coxon* in 1752. Enquiry has been made for the said *Chaney*, or *Caney*, but no such Person, as yet, can be found. The Person to whom it belongs, may have it, on Application to the Printer hereof, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, 7*s*. 6*d*.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons that are any Ways indebted to the Concern at *Piscataway*, belonging to *Edward Trafford*, Esq; and Sons, in *Liverpool*, to come and pay their several Ballances, or settle the same by Bond, or Note of Hand; otherwise they will immediately be sued.

Likewise all Persons that have any Demands against the said Concern, are desired to come and receive the same; which will be paid them either in Tobacco or Goods, or settled in the most agreeable Manner, by GEORGE BOWDON.

N. B. As there are several Persons that have very large Ballances now standing in the Book, and have stood so for some Years past, and by all Appearance they seem to take little or no Notice about them: This is to acquaint all such, that without they come and settle the same, either by Bond, or Note of Hand, or discharge them, they may expect further Trouble, let the Consequence be what it will.

THE Subscriber having engaged a very skilful TANNER, and provided every Thing requisite for carrying on the TANNING BUSINESS, at his House on *West-River*, will Tan at FOUR SHILLINGS and SIX PENCE *per* Hide.

STEPHEN STEWARD.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Carmack*, living in *Frederick* County, on the Head of *Israel*'s Creek, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Buttock, but not known with what, has a small Star in his Forehead, his off hind Foot is white, paces slow, and is about 7 Years old. He had on a small Bell marked C H, with a Leather Collar.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

The Way to HEALTH, LONG LIFE, AND HAPPINESS:

Or, a Discourse on TEMPERANCE, and the particular Nature of all Things requisite for the *Life* of MAN; as, all Sorts of *Meats, Drinks, Air, Exercise, &c.* with special Directions how to use each of them to the best Advantage of the *Body* and *Mind*. Shewing from the true Ground of Nature, whence most Diseases proceed, and how to prevent them.

To which is added,

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I. *THAT this Work (which contains upwards of* Five Hundred *Pages) shall be committed to the Press as soon as a sufficient Number are subscribed for, to defray the Expence of Printing.*

II. *That it shall be Printed in a neat* Octavo, *on a good Letter and Paper, and be delivered to the Subscribers with all convenient Speed, neatly done up in* blue Paper, *and cut.*

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As the Publication of this excellent Treatise will depend entirely on the Number of Subscribers, it is hoped that those who incline to encourage such a useful Undertaking, will be speedy in sending in their Names, as no more will be Printed than what may be subscribed for.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by the Printer hereof, who will also deliver the Books to such as may subscribe with him, when ready.

☞ *This Subscription has been opened in* Philadelphia, *by a Gentleman of Note in that City, with a* 20 *l. Subscription.*

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVENIENT TANYARD, lying in *Annapolis*, adjoining to a good Landing, with all the Appurtenances thereunto belonging: In which are, 14 Vats, 2 Lurches, 5 Handles, 4 Limes, 2 Granaries, and 2 large Water-Ponds, most of them all lately sunk, and done in the best Manner. The Water-Ponds are constantly supplied, from a natural Spring, by a Drain under Ground, and are sunk in the Beam-House, with the Granaries: The House is 40 Feet by 18, and framed with Poplar Scantling, and well covered. There are also Two other Houses, lately built, one with Brick, a Story and ½ high, 23 Feet by 16, and hath one Fire-Place, and covered with Clapboards, and Shingled over them: The other House is 60 Feet by 21, one End of which, 20 Feet long, is built with Brick and Stone, a Story and ½ high; in which is Two Fire-Places below, and one above; in the other End is a Mill-House, with a Leather-Room below, and Lodging-Rooms above, with sundry convenient Sheds joining to it, such as Meat-House, Stables, Lime-House, and Bark-House, all covered with Shingles. There is also a good Garden and small Pasture, both well paled and fenced in. Also to be Sold sundry NEGROES, chiefly brought up in the Tanyard, and to the Tanning Business. And as the Subscriber intends soon to depart this Province, the Whole will be Sold on reasonable Terms, and Time given for Payment if required. He has also to Sell, a small SLOOP, suitable for the Grain Trade, being a prime Sailer, and in as good Repair as when first Launched, and will carry about 8 or 900 Bushels of Grain. For Terms apply to

ROBERT SWAN.

N. B. The Tanyard, with the Improvements, will be Sold with, or without, the Negroes, as the Purchaser pleases.

NOW in Possession of the Subscriber, by Order of Court, the following Creatures, *viz.*

A likely well-made White Horse, about 15 Hands high, and paces; but has no perceivable Brand. He is supposed to be the Property of one Mr. *Elms* near *Conococheague*.

A natural pacing Bay Mare, about 15 Hands 2 high, branded on the near Buttock thus HW, she has wide hanging Ears, and is about 4 Years old. She was in Possession of *Matthias Ringer* last Spring.

A small Grey Horse (and Hunting-Saddle half worn); the Horse branded on the near Buttock TF (joined in one).

A small Chesnut Sorrel Horse, branded on the near Shoulder thus OHe, has a flaxen Mane and Tail, a Star in his Forehead, a Snip on his Nose, and lost his near Eye.

They are supposed to be Stolen by *Adam Rutter, Christopher Bierly* and *William Millener*, all *Dutchmen*, and now in *Baltimore* County Goal for Horse-stealing. The aforesaid *Rutter* came last Spring from *Schuylkill* in *Pennsylvania*, near the Widow *Nuts* Iron-Works; and has since brought down several valuable Creatures, and sold them in *Maryland*; which may easily be found.

Any Person or Persons, proving Property, and paying Charges, may have the said Creatures, by applying to the Subscriber, living on *Soldier's Delight* Forest, in *Baltimore* County.

ALEXANDER WELLS.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 260 Acres, 16 Acres of which is excellent fresh Water Meadow, with a good Orchard of young grafted Trees, lying on the *Round-Bay* near the *Vine-Yard*; on which there is a good Dwelling-House, Stable, Corn-House, &c. For Terms, and further Particulars, enquire of Mr. *Lancelot Jacques*, Merchant, in *Annapolis*.

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER near Severn-Ferry, *by Wholesale or Retail*,

CHOICE GOOD SINGLE and DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR, and fine old CANE SPIRIT: As likewise by Retail, *MADEIRA* WINE, *WEST-INDIA* RUM, and *MUSCOVADO* SUGAR. JOHN CLAPHAM.

TO BE LET,

A PLANTATION belonging to Mr. *Thomas Wilson*, of *Queen-Anne's* County, commodiously situated in the said County, on the Head of the North Branch of *Wye* River, within half a Mile of a good Landing, together with the NEGROES, STOCK, and UTENSILS, thereon. The Tract contains upwards of Four Hundred Acres, on which there is a large clear'd Plantation, a good Dwelling-House, and other Office-Houses, and some valuable Meadow very well water'd. The whole Tract very fit for producing Corn, Tobacco, and Wheat, of which last there is a considerable Quantity now put in the Ground.

Any Person inclining to Rent the Premises, are desired to apply to *John Bracco*, now at *Annapolis*, or the said *Thomas Wilson*, at his Dwelling-Plantation on *Wye* River aforesaid, and know the Terms on which they will be Let.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, at his House near Elk-Ridge *Church, in* Anne-Arundel *County*,

AN Assortment of good fresh MEDICINES, Chymical and Galenical, imported from *London*, sufficient (with the Addition of a few more, which may be had here) to furnish a Shop for a Beginner in the Practice of Physic; as also Utensils for an Apothecary's Shop, a compleat new Set of Surgeon's Instruments, a small Collection of new Books on Surgery, Physic, &c. The Medicines to be Sold all in one Article, the Instruments in another, and the Books and Shop-Furniture, as the Buyer shall have Occasion, and as shall be agreed on, all at reasonable Rates, for Sterling or Current Money, or Credit upon Security, if required, by JAMES MACGILL.

N. B. A Catalogue of the Books may be seen at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s*. 6*d*. *per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.